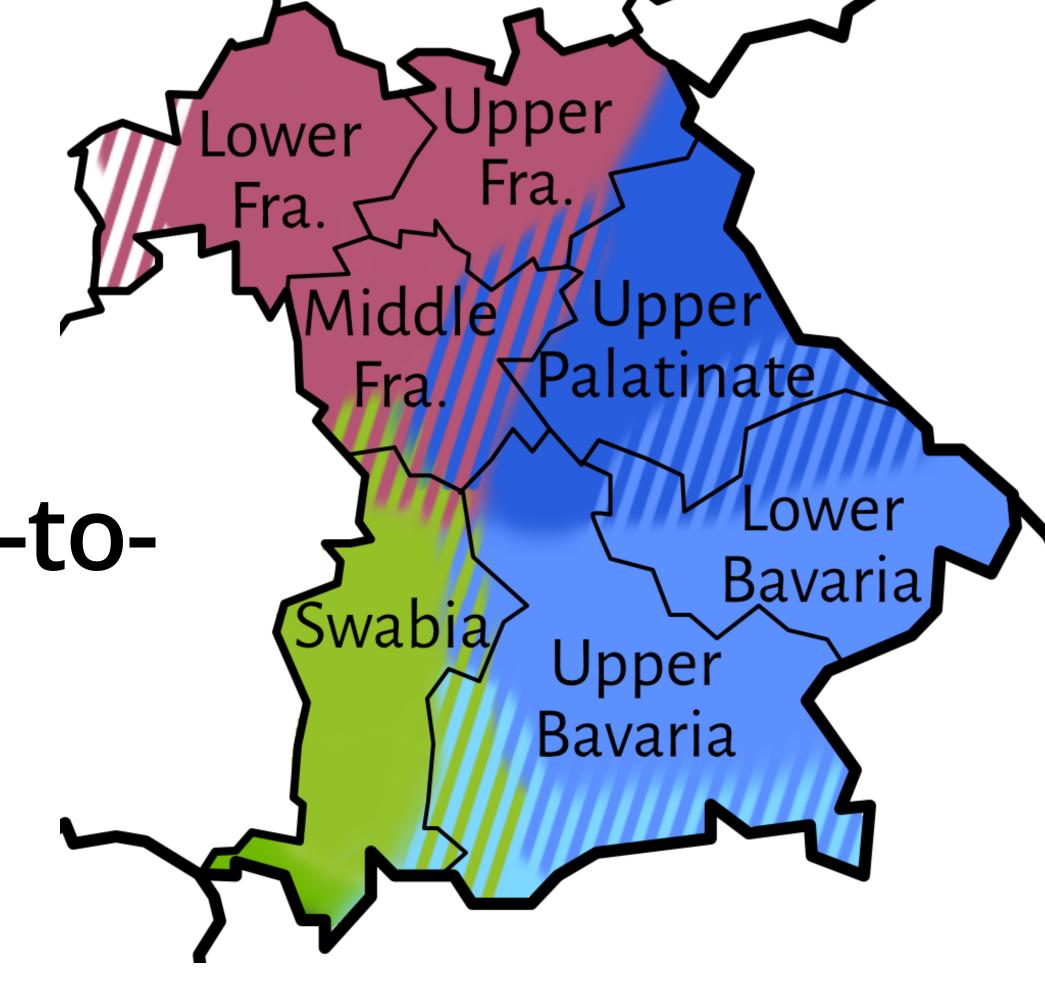
A multi-dialectal dataset for German dialect ASR & dialect-to-standard speech translation

Verena Blaschke, Miriam Winkler, Constantin Förster, Gabriele Wenger-Glemser & Barbara Plank

LMU Munich, MCML & Bayerischer Rundfunk Interspeech | August 18, 2025





## Introduction

Automatic speech recognition

typically: high-resource languages

standardized varieties of

## Introduction

Automatic **speech** recognition

typically: high-resource languages

te-of-the-Art ASR Models to Swiss German Dialog

Victor Gillioz

rds dialect-inclusive recognition in a low-recour

are balanced corpora the

Dialectal Coverage And Generalization in Arabic Speech R Amirbek Djanibekov<sup>1\*</sup>, Hawau Olamide Toyin<sup>1\*</sup>

Raghad Alshalan<sup>2</sup> Abdullah Alitr<sup>2</sup> Hanan Aldarmaki per Understand Swiss German? An Automatic, Que A Corpus of Read and Spontaneous Upper Saxon German Evaluation

Amirbek Djanibek Djanibeko.

Raghad Alshalan<sup>2</sup> Abdullah Alitr<sup>2</sup> Hanan Evaluation

Raghad Alshalan<sup>2</sup> Abdullah Alitr<sup>2</sup> Hanan German Saxon German?

Raghad Alshalan<sup>2</sup> Abdullah Alitr<sup>2</sup> Hanan German Saxon German?

Raghad Alshalan<sup>2</sup> Abdullah Alitr<sup>2</sup> Hanan Saxon German?

Human Evaluation

Fival Linear Date of Read and Spontaneous Upper Saxon German Saxon Germa

Manah and Max

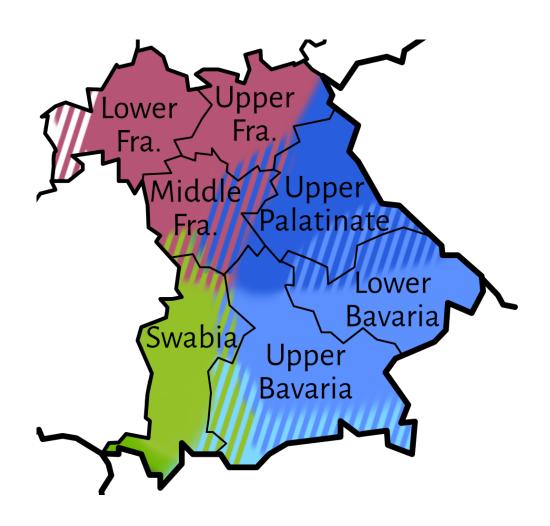
Voices Unheard: NLP Resources and Models for Yorùbá Regional D

Orevaoghene Ahia<sup>1,5</sup> Anuoluwapo Aremu<sup>5,6</sup> Diana Abagyan<sup>1</sup> Hila Gone

Speech Recognition for Greek Dialects: A Challenging Benchmark

ergan, <sup>2</sup>Mengjie Qian, <sup>1</sup>Neasa Ní Chiaráin, <sup>1</sup>( Socrates Vakirtzian\*1, Chara Tsoukala\*2,3, Stavros Bompolas3, Katerina Mouzou1, Vivian Stam

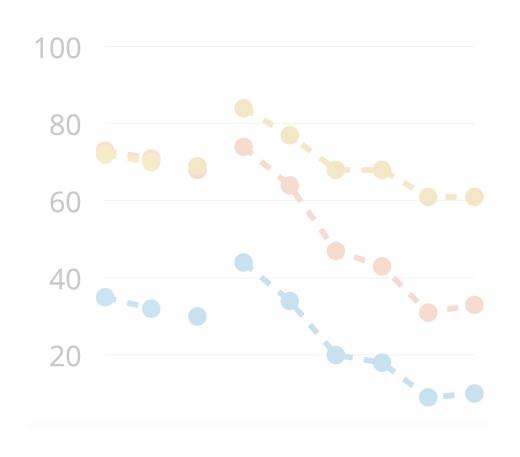
### Overview



1. Dialects in Bavaria



2. *Betthupferl* dataset



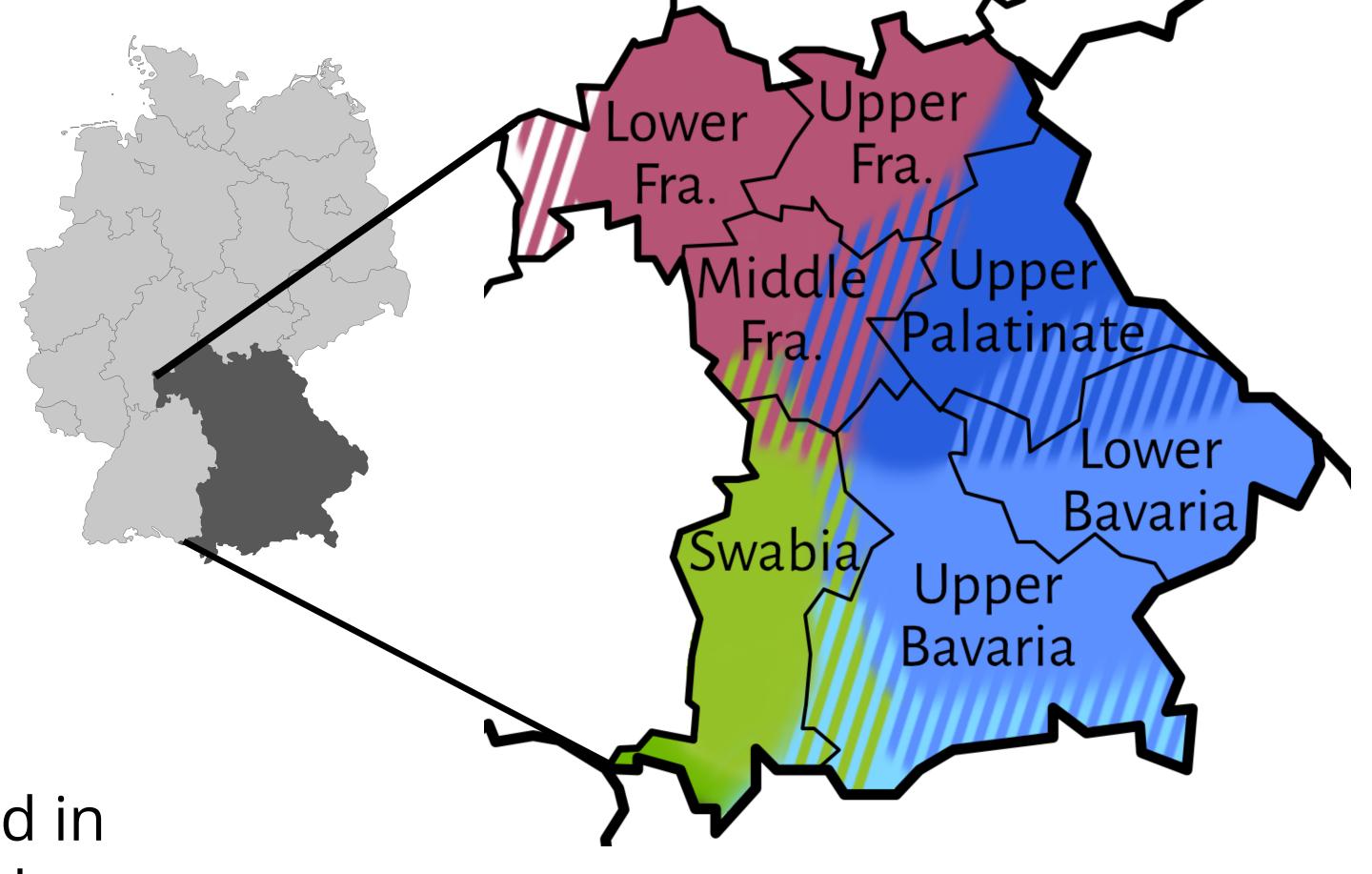
3. Benchmarking ASR models



4. Qualitative analysis

### Dialects in Bavaria

- 3 dialect groups
- Mostly spoken, occasionally written (no orthography)
- Dialect speakers are interested in ASR systems with dialectal and especially with German output



Franconian

East FranconianNorth Bavarian

Alemannic

Swabian

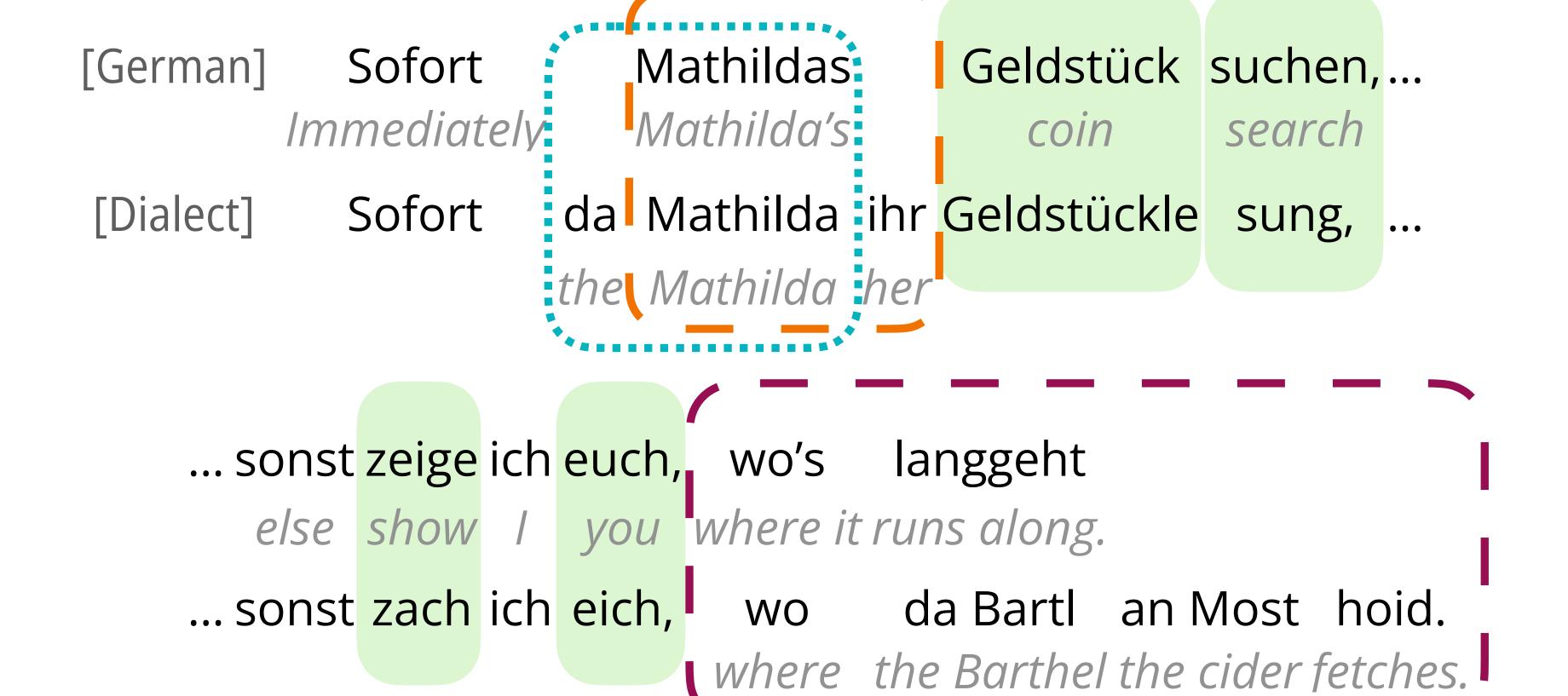
Bavarian

- Central Bavarian
- South Bavarian

### Differences between German + dialects

German & dialectal transcriptions of a Franconian sentence:

"Immediately, search for Mathilda's coin or I'll show you what's what!"



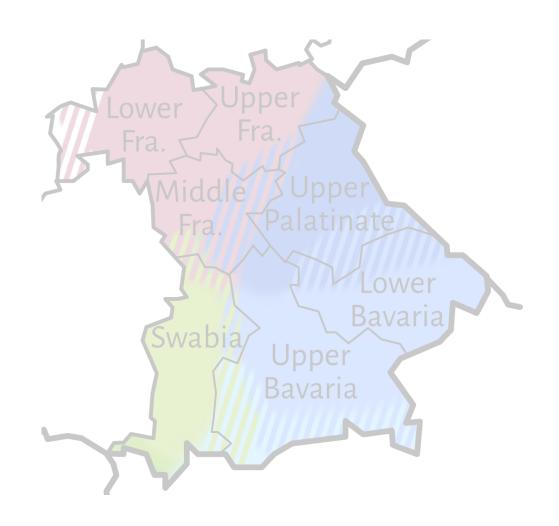
Small word-level differences (morphology and/or pronunciation)

Different words/phrases

#### Syntactic differences

- determiner + name
- possessives
- . . .

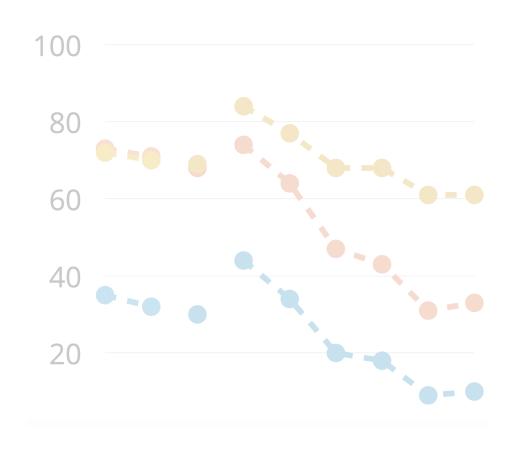
#### Overview



Dialects in Bavaria



2. *Betthupferl* dataset



3. Benchmarking ASR models



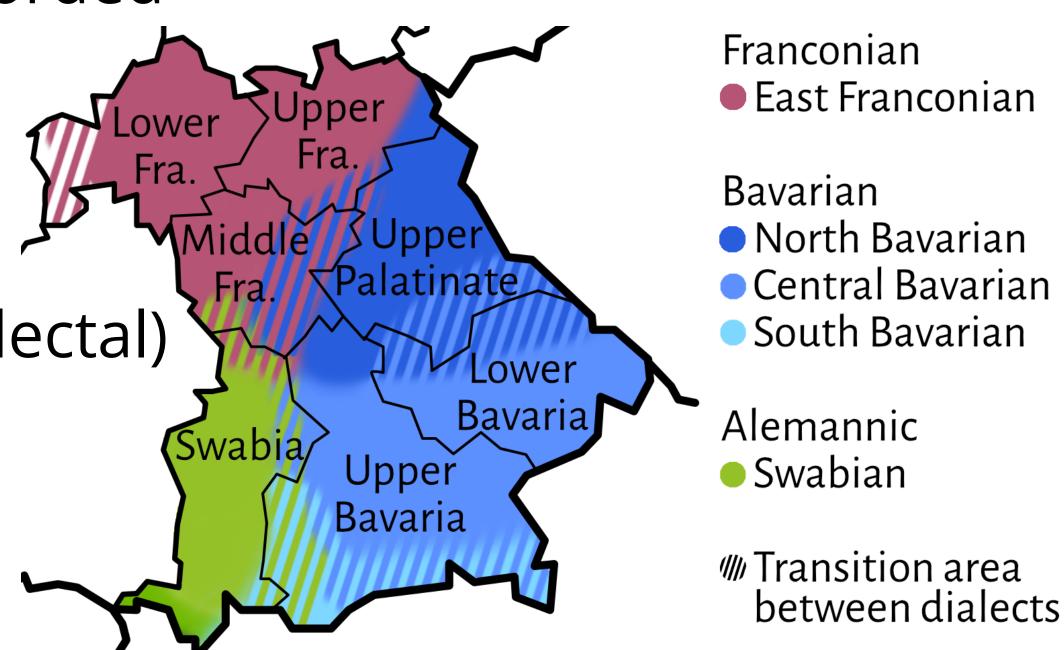
4. Qualitative analysis

## Betthupferl dataset Data

- Good-night stories for children in German or dialects
- Read speech; professionally written & recorded

- 32–37 mins per administrative region (dialectal)
- 32 mins (Standard) German audio
- Total: 4.5 h



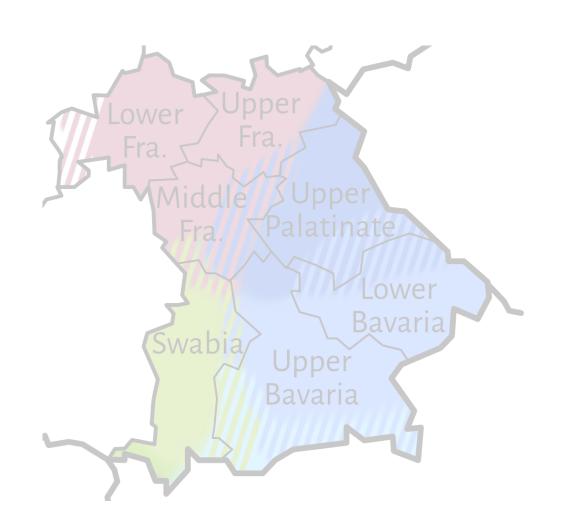


## Betthupferl dataset

#### Transcriptions

- Sentence level (~4.3 s; 11–12 words)
- 1 dialectal & 1 German transcription per sentence
- Transcriber = native speaker of a Bavarian dialect & German

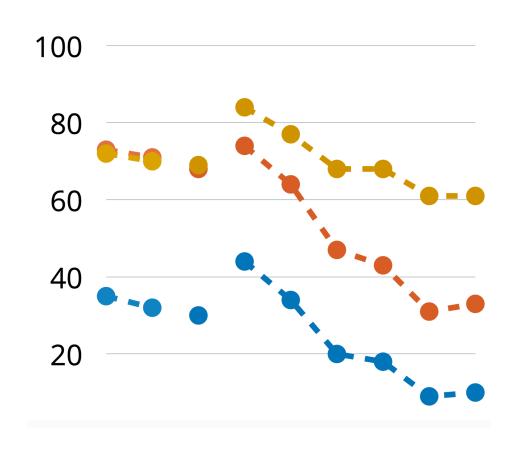
### Overview



Dialects in Bavaria



2. Betthupferl dataset



3. Benchmarking ASR models



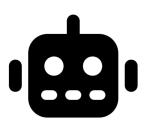
4. Qualitative analysis

## Experiments

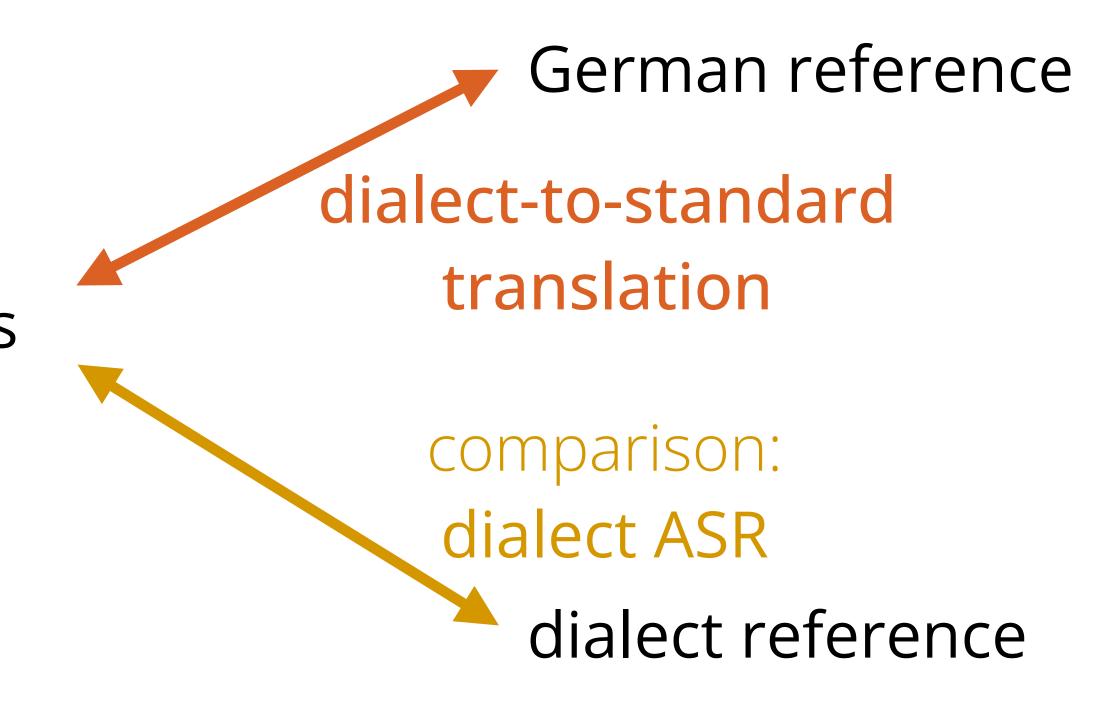
Set-ups



dialect audio

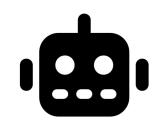


model hypothesis





German audio

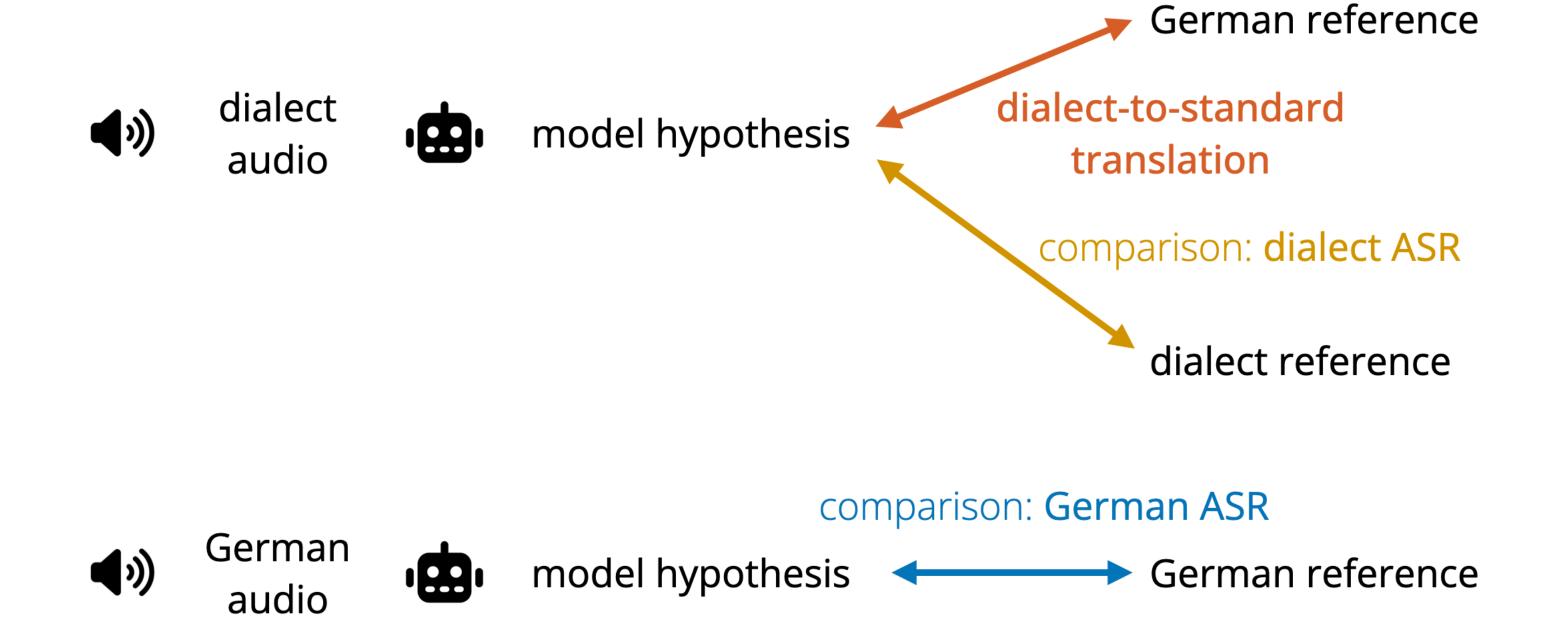




comparison: German ASR

## Experiments

#### Metrics



- CER spelling differences between standard & dialect
- WER, BLEU lexically/structurally similar outputs desired, also for translation! (BLEU only in paper)

## Experiments

#### Models

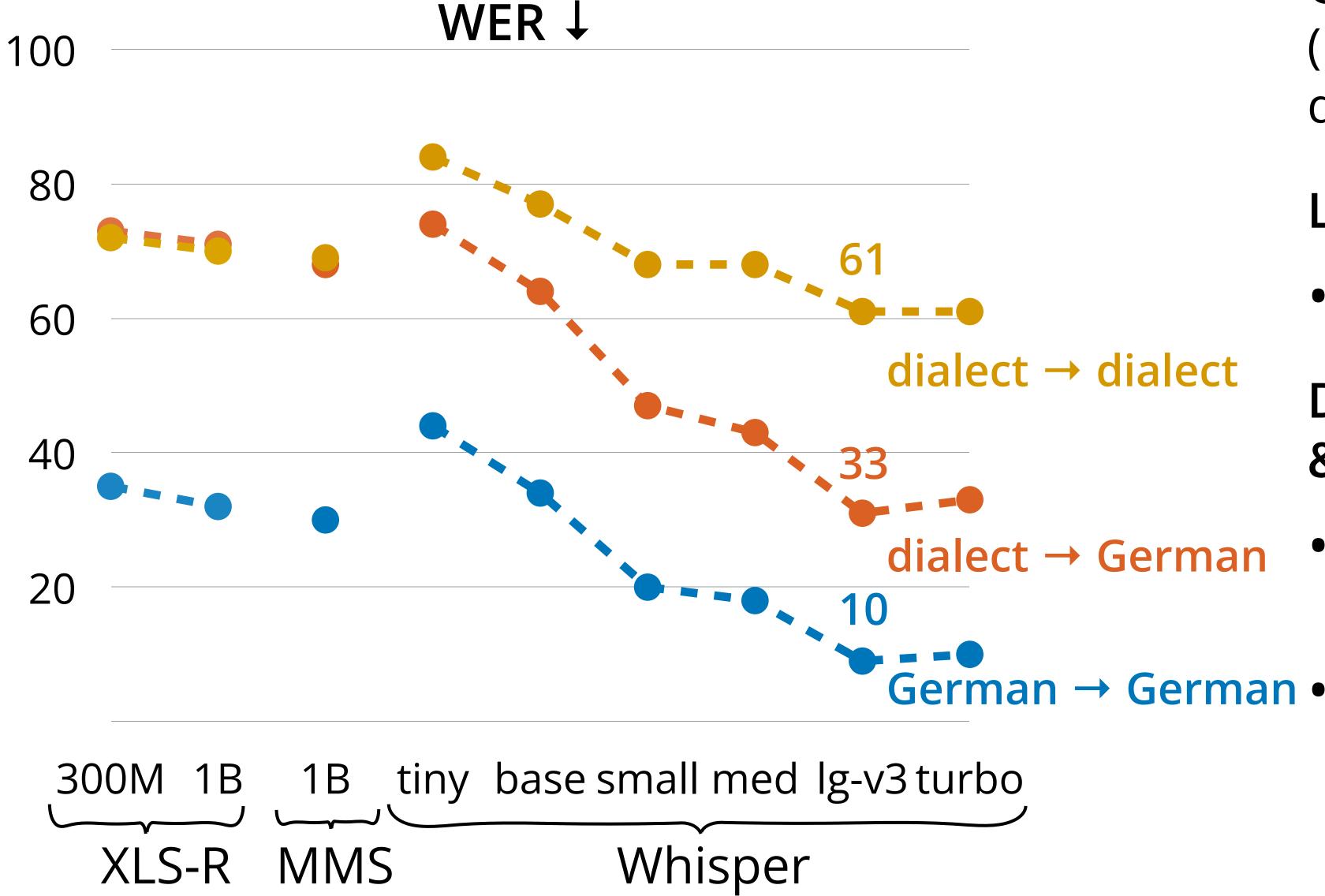
#### Architectures

- Whisper language model decoding
- MMS connectionist temporal classification (CTC)
- XLS-R (fine-tuned for German ASR) CTC

Multiple sizes (more sizes & fine-tuned versions in paper)

Output language setting: German (no dialects available)

## Quantitative results



#### Performance gap

German vs. dialectal audio (but no systematic differences across regions)

#### Larger models = better

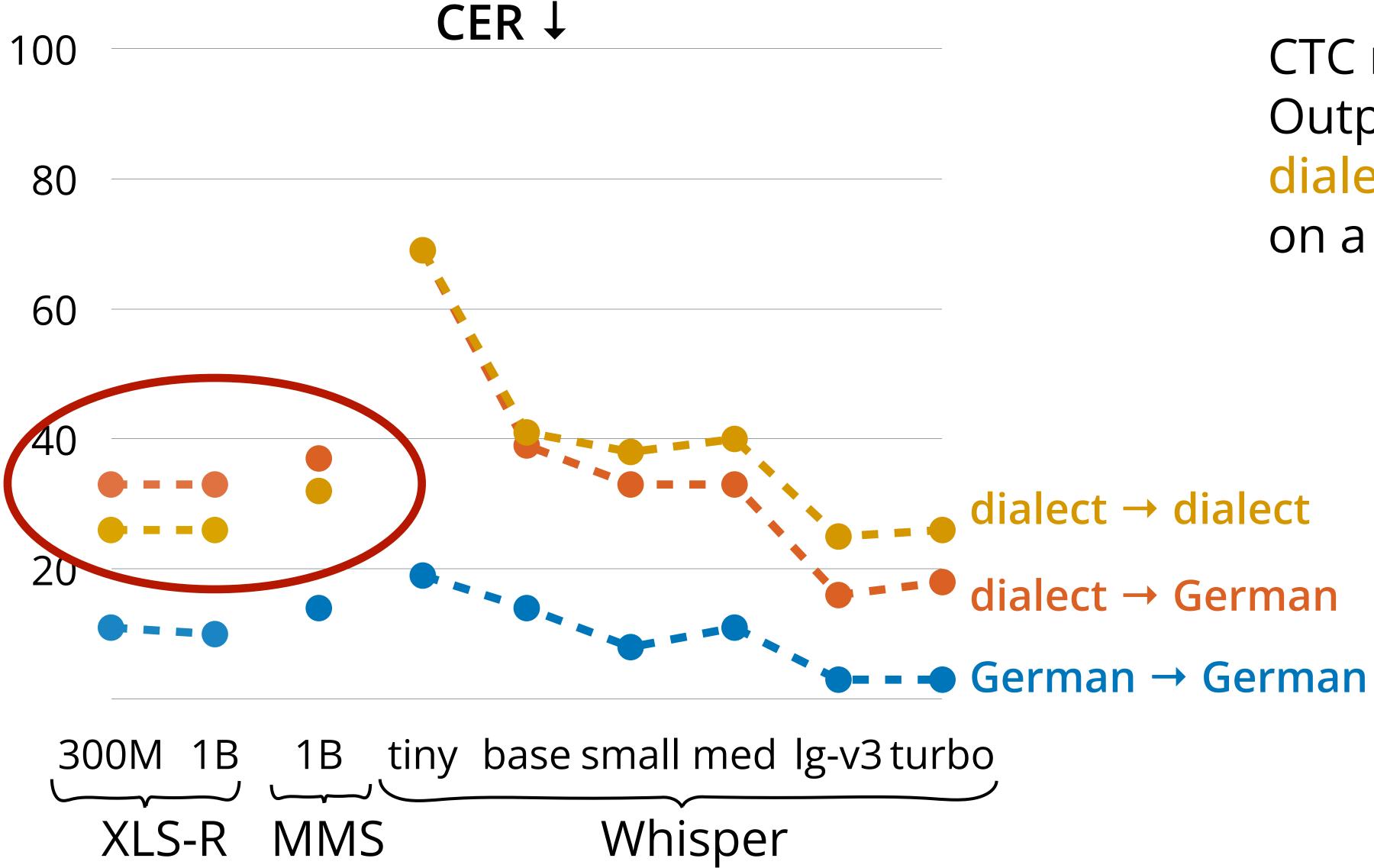
• Distilled *turbo* also good

## Dialect audio & decoder types

- Whisper outputs: closer to German
- German → German XLS-R & MMS (CTC):

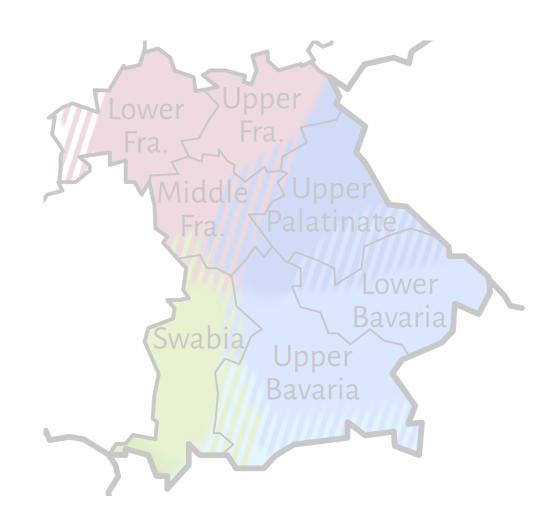
  similarly distant to
  both German & dialect

## Quantitative results



CTC models:
Output is closer to
dialect than German
on a character level

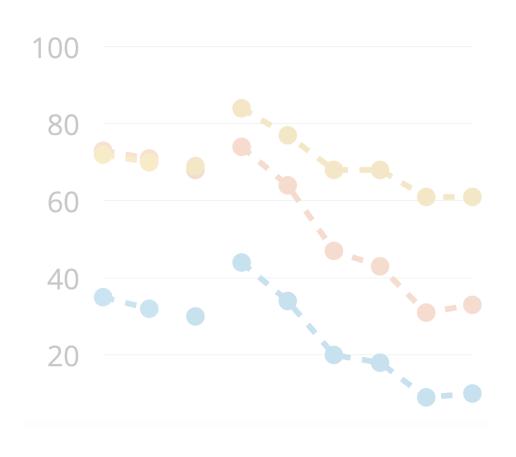
### Overview



Dialects in Bavaria



2. Betthupferl dataset



3. Benchmarking ASR models



4. Qualitative analysis

## Qualitative analyses – Human evaluation

Comparing ~600 of the best model's hypotheses (Whisper large-v3) to the German references:

• Meaning: Is the meaning fully preserved?

 $\rightarrow \mu = 3.9 \pm 1.1$ 

• Fluency: Does the output sound like fluent German?

$$\rightarrow \mu = 3.7 \pm 1.1$$

Likert scale: 1 = worst, 5 = best; 2–3 annotators / sentence

Moderately correlated w/ automatic metrics:  $0.48 \le |p| \le 0.59$ 

• Higher when taking the mean of *meaning* and *fluency*:  $0.53 \le |\rho| \le 0.63$   $\rightarrow$  interplay

## Qualitative analyses – Error analysis

Same ~600 sentences: (v) identical to German reference

different, but acceptable

different, and wrong

[German]	Sofort		Mathildas		Geldstück	suchen,	• • •
	Immediately	7	Mathilda's		coin	search	
[Dialect]	Sofort	da	Mathilda	ihr	Geldstückle	sung,	• • •
		the	Mathilda	her			
[ASR]	Sofort		Mathilda		Geldstück	lesung,	•••

## Qualitative analyses – Error analysis

- Same ~600 sentences: ( ) identical to German reference
  - different, but acceptable
  - (X) different, and wrong

Words/constructions that...

- are identical in German & the dialect: usually correct (86 %)
- differ only in terms of pronunciation/morphology: usually correct (75 %)
- lexically different: usually nonsense (63 %)
- syntactically different: usually like the dialectal structure (acceptability in German varies)

Common error source: incorrectly recognized word boundaries











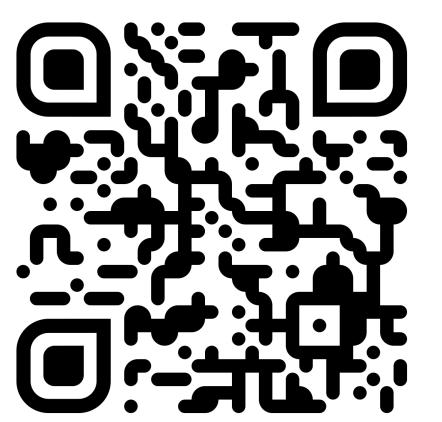
## Summary

- 4.5h of audio w/ dialectal & German transcriptions
- Help us close the performance gap between dialectal & German audio :)
- Lexical/syntactic differences between dialect & standard are a challenge, both for models and for automatic evaluation

- Repo with reference transcriptions, model hypotheses, annotation guidelines, annotations, code
  - Audio clips are shared by request
- Thank you!



Supplementary material



github.com/mainlp/betthupferl

# Appendix Dataset stats

				Word	ls/sent	Lev dist	
Region/split	Speakers	Sent	Min	Dial	Std	Word	Char
Lower Franconia	1F, 1M	403	33	12.6 <sub>7.6</sub>	12.5 <sub>7.6</sub>	46 <sub>21</sub>	19 <sub>11</sub>
Upper Franconia	3 <b>M</b>	561	33	$9.1_{5.7}$	$9.0_{5.6}$	$52_{22}$	23 <sub>13</sub>
Middle Franconia	a 4M	371	36	$15.1_{8.9}$	15.28.8	57 <sub>20</sub>	23 <sub>11</sub>
Upper Palatinate	1F, 1M	394	34	$14.0_{9.0}$	13.98.9	5819	24 <sub>11</sub>
Lower Bavaria	2F, 1M	488	32	$10.8_{7.3}$	11.17.4	$68_{21}$	$30_{12}$
Upper Bavaria	1F, 2M	465	37	$11.8_{8.0}$	$12.1_{8.2}$	57 <sub>21</sub>	23 <sub>11</sub>
Swabia	1F, 1M	575	37	$10.5_{6.6}$	$10.7_{6.7}$	57 <sub>22</sub>	22 <sub>12</sub>
All dialects	6F, 13M	3 257	241	11.7 <sub>7.7</sub>	11.8 <sub>7.8</sub>	57 <sub>22</sub>	24 <sub>12</sub>
Std. German	6F, 7M	531	32		8.9 <sub>5.6</sub>		
Full dataset	8F, 14M	3 788	273		11.4 <sub>7.6</sub>		

## Appendix

#### Differences between references & Error analysis

Proportion w. type	Hypothesis words				
Difference	Sent	Word		$\odot$	×
— (identical word)	97	45	86	4	10
Phonetic/morphological	96	47	75	5	20
Word splitting	41	4	54	10	36
Determiner + name	29	3	10	77	13
Word choice	23	2	8	30	63
Verb phrase construction	7	1	13	23	63
Word order	6	1	0	82	18
Dropped/fused pronoun	5	0	40	0	60
Possessive	2	0	0	57	43
Other	8	1	27	47	27

# Appendix Human judgements

	Avg	IAA	Correlations ( $\rho$ , mean over annotators)					
	1118		Fluency	WER	CER	BLEU		
Meaning	3.9 <sub>1.1</sub>	$0.76_{0.05}$	$0.73_{0.05}$	$-0.57_{0.03}$	$-0.56_{0.03}$	$0.48_{0.02}$		
Fluency	$3.7_{1.1}$	$0.75_{0.03}$		$-0.59_{0.04}$	$-0.56_{0.02}$	$0.51_{0.03}$		
Both	$3.8_{1.0}$	$0.83_{0.03}$		$-0.63_{0.04}$	$-0.61_{0.03}$	$0.53_{0.03}$		